



SFP-1GB-CW-55-200-HW-SKY

Huawei® Compatible 1000Base-CWDM SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1550nm, 200km, LC, DOM)

Product Description

This Huawei® compatible SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-CWDM throughput up to 200km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1550nm via an LC connector. It can operate at temperatures between 0 and 70C. The listed reach has been determined using a link budget calculation and tested in a standard environment. Actual link distances achieved will be dependent upon the deployed environment. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Huawei®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Skylane's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Features:

- SFF-8472 Compliance
- Operating Data Rate up to 1.25Gbps
- Duplex LC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- CWDM DFB LD Transmitter
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Hot Pluggable
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free
- Excellent ESD Protection



Applications:

- Ethernet over CWDM
- Access, Metro and Enterprise
- 1x Fibre Channel

For your product safety, please read the following information carefully before any manipulation of the transceiver:



ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883G, Method 3015.4 / JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module.



LASER SAFETY

This is a Class1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:2007. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

The optical ports of the module need to be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug in order to avoid contamination.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5		3.6	V
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current	I _{cc}			300	mA
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40		85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	T _c	0		70	°C
Operating Relative Humidity				95	%
Data Rate	GBE		1.25		Gbps
Data Rate	FC		1.063		Gbps

Notes:

1. Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter							
LVPECL Differential Inputs		V _{IN}	400		2000	mVp-p	1
Input Differential Impedance		Z _{IN}	85	100	115	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	Disable		2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
Tx_Fault	Fault		2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
Receiver							
LVPECL Differential Outputs		V _{OUT}	400		2000	mVp-p	3
Output Differential Impedance		Z _{OUT}	85	100	115	Ω	
Tx_Disable Assert Time		T _{off}			10	us	
Rx_LOS	LOS		2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
MOD_DEF(0.2)		V _{OH}	2.5			V	4
		V _{OL}	0		0.5	V	4

Notes:

1. LVPECL Logic. Internally AC Coupled Inputs.
2. R_{IN}>100kΩ @ DC.
3. LVPECL Logic. Internally AC Coupled Outputs.
4. With Serial ID.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Link Budget		41			dB	
Data Rate			1.25		Gbps	
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ_C	1544	1550	1557.5	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Average Output Power	POUT	4		7	dBm	1
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Rise/Fall Time (20-80%)	Tr/Tf			0.26	ns	
Total Jitter	TJ			0.43	UI	2
Output Optical Eye	Compliant with IEEE 802.3					2
POUT @ Tx_Disable Asserted	POUT			-45	dBm	
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260		1620	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-37	dBm	3
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-10			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-38	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-50			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	

Notes:

1. Output power is measured by coupling into a 9/125 μ m single-mode fiber.
2. Filtered. Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1250Mbps.
3. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER<1E⁻¹² with 2⁷-1 PRBS and ER=9dB.

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Sequence	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module disables on “high” or “open.”	3	2
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface Data.	3	3
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface Clock.	3	3
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected. Function Not Available.	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Inverted Received Data Out.	3	6
13	RD+	Received Data Out.	3	7
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
15	VccR	Receiver Power. 3.3±5%.	2	7
16	VccT	Transmitter Power. 3.3±5%.	2	7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmit Data In.	3	8
19	TD-	Inverted Transmit Data In.	3	8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

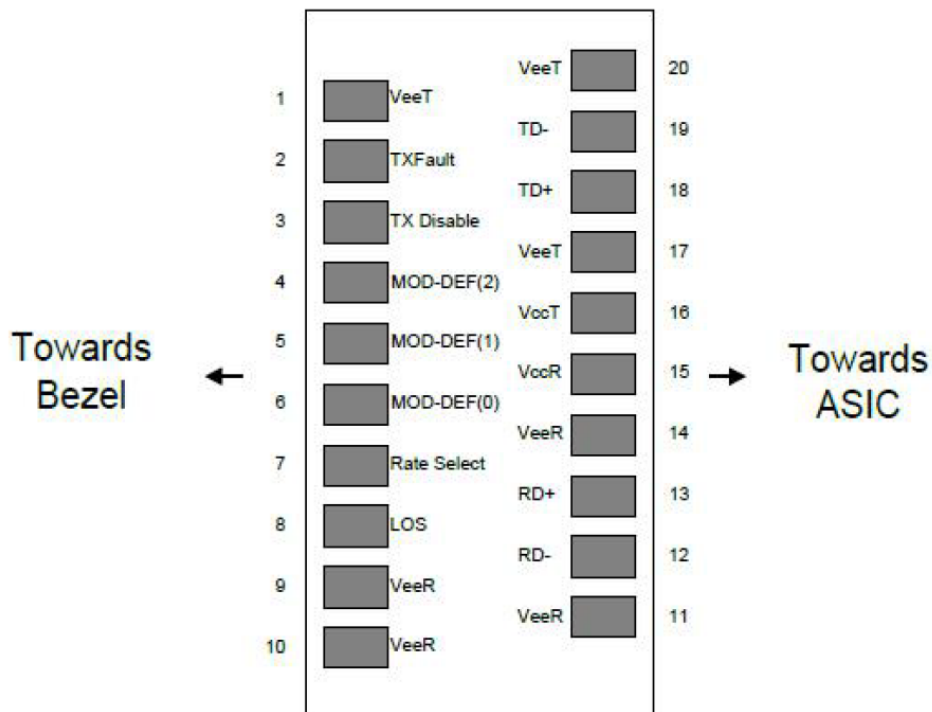
Notes:

1. Tx_Fault is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. Pull-up voltage is between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When “high,” output indicates a laser fault of some kind. “Low” indicates normal operation. In the “low” state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
2. Tx_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor. Its states are:
 - Low (0V-0.8V): Transmitter On
 - (>0.8V, <2.0V): Undefined
 - High (2.0V-3.465V): Transmitter Disabled
 - Open: Transmitter Disabled.
3. MOD-DEF0, 1, and 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
 - MOD-DEF0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.
 - MOD-DEF1 is the clock line of the 2-Wire Serial Interface for Serial ID.
 - MOD-DEF2 is the data line of the 2-Wire Serial Interface for Serial ID.
4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ

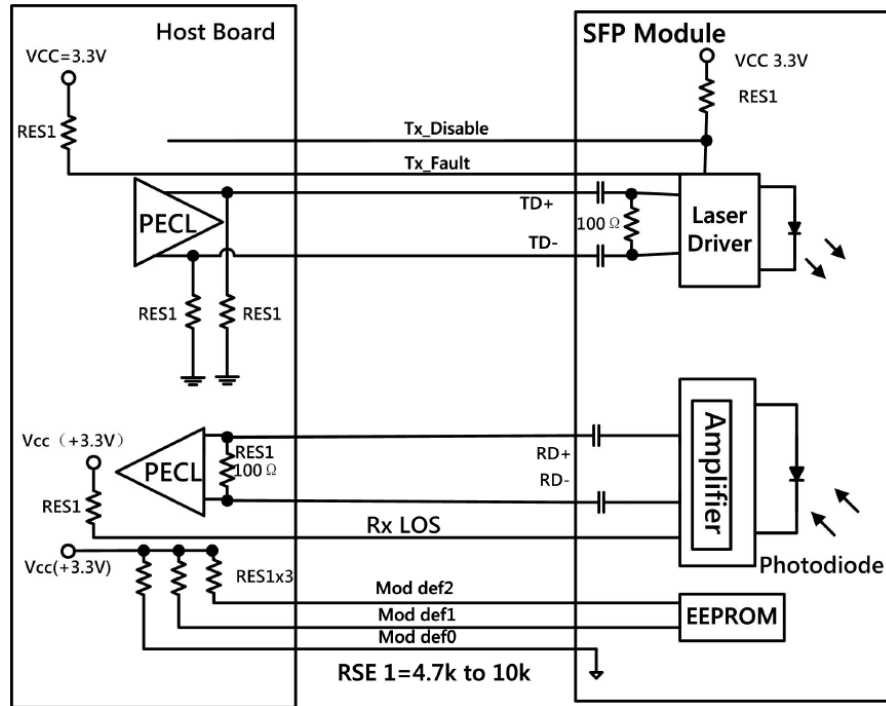
resistor. Pull-up voltage is between 2.0V and $V_{ccT}/R+0.3V$. When “high,” this output indicates that the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). “Low” indicates normal operation. In the “low” state, the output will be pulled to $<0.8V$.

5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
6. RD±. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100 (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV to 2000mV differential (200mV to 1000mV, single-ended) when properly terminated.
7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V \pm 5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of $<1\Omega$ should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
8. TD±. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled, differential lines with 100 differential terminations inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400mV to 2000mV (200mV to 1000mV, single-ended).

Electrical Pin-Out Details



Recommended Circuit Schematic

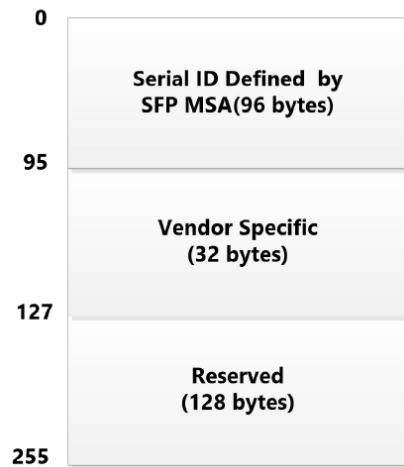


EEPROM Information

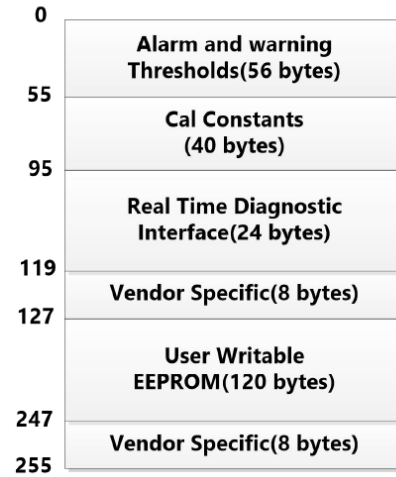
The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24c02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write-protected within the SFP+ transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP+ transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The module provides diagnostic information about the present operation conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of the internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring, and temperature monitoring are all implemented. If the module is defined as externally calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real-world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56-95 at the wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map-specific data field is defined as the following. For detailed EEPROM information, please refer to SFF-8472 Rev. 10.2.

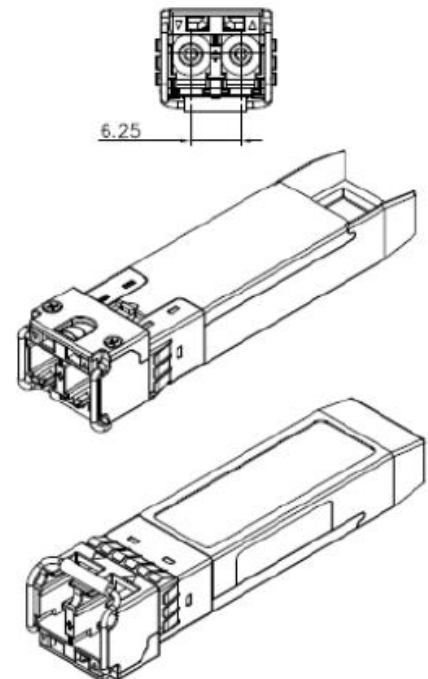
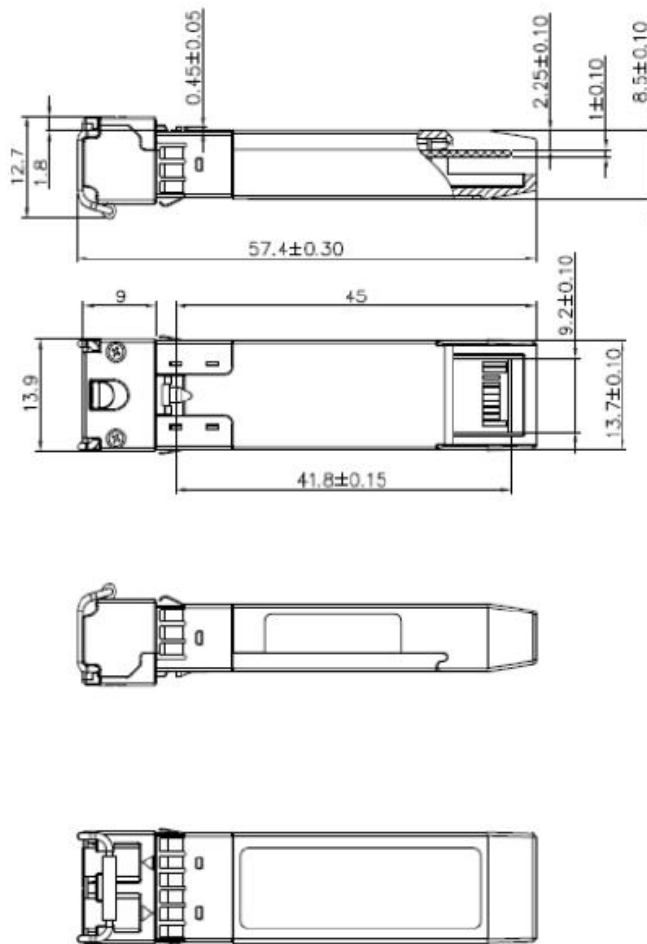
2 wire address 1010000X(A0h)



2 wire address 1010000X (A2h)



Mechanical Specifications



Unremarked tolerances ±0.2mm

About Skylane Optics

Skylane is a leading provider of transceivers for optical communication.

We offer an extensive portfolio for the enterprise, access, datacenter and metropolitan fiber optical market as well as for smart home applications and home networks.

We cover the European, South American and North American market with a strong partner network and have offices in Belgium, Brazil, Sweden and USA.

Our offerings are characterized by high quality and performance. In combination with our strong technical support, we enable our customers to build cost optimized network solutions.

We offer an extensive range of high-quality products including transceivers (Optical and copper), Active Optical Cable (AOC), Direct Attach Cable (DAC), Mux/Demux, Coding Box.

