



SFC61160GE0DAA2

Cisco® Compatible CWDM-SFP-1610-160 1000Base-CWDM SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1610nm, 160km, LC)

Product Description

This Cisco® SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-CWDM throughput up to 160km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1610nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Cisco® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. It is built to meet or exceed the specifications of Cisco®, as well as to comply with MSA (Multi-Source Agreement) standards to ensure seamless network integration. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Skylane's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Features:

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- 1000Base Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

For your product safety, please read the following information carefully before any manipulation of the transceiver:



ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883G, Method 3015.4 / JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module.



LASER SAFETY

This is a Class1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:2007. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

The optical ports of the module need to be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug in order to avoid contamination.

CWDM Available Wavelengths

Wavelengths	Min.	Typ.	Max.
27	1264.5	1270	1277.5
29	1284.5	1290	1297.5
31	1304.5	1310	1317.5
33	1324.5	1330	1337.5
35	1344.5	1350	1357.5
37	1364.5	1370	1377.5
39	1384.5	1390	1397.5
41	1404.5	1410	1417.5
43	1424.5	1430	1437.5
45	1444.5	1450	1457.5
47	1464.5	1470	1477.5
49	1484.5	1490	1497.5
21	1504.5	1510	1517.5
23	1524.5	1530	1537.5
55	1544.5	1550	1557.5
57	1564.5	1570	1577.5
59	1584.5	1590	1597.5
61	1604.5	1610	1617.5

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply Voltage		Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V	
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-40		85	°C	
Operating Case Temperature		Tc	0		70	°C	
Operating Relative Humidity		RH	5		85	%	
Power Supply Current		Icc			300	mA	
Link Budget				3.6		dB	
Data Rate	GBE			1.25		Gbps	
	FC			1.063			

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Transmitter							
Differential LVPECL Inputs		VIN	400		2000	mVp-p	1
Differential Input Impedance		ZIN	85	100	115	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
Tx_Fault	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8		
Receiver							
Differential LVPECL Outputs		VOUT	400		2000	mVp-p	3
Differential Output Impedance		ZOUT	85	100	115	Ω	
Tx_Disable Assert Time		T_off			10	us	
Rx_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8		
MOD_DEF(0.2)		VOH	2.5			V	4
		VOL	0		0.5		

Notes:

1. AC coupled inputs. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupled.
2. R_{IN} > 100kΩ @DC.
3. AC coupled outputs. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupled.
4. With serial ID.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ_C	λ_C -6.5	λ_C	λ_C +6.5	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Average Output Power	POUT	2		7	dBm	1
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Rise/Fall Time (20-80%)	Tr/Tf			0.26	ns	
POUT @Tx_Disable Asserted	POUT			-45	dBm	
Output Optical Eye	Compliant with IEEE 802.3					2
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260		1630	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-34	dBm	3
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-9			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-37	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Notes:

1. Output power is coupled into a 9/125 μ m single-mode fiber.
2. Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2^7-1 test pattern @1250Mbps.
3. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER less than $1E^{-12}$, with 1.25Gbps, 2^7-1 PRBS, and ER=9dB.

Pin Descriptions

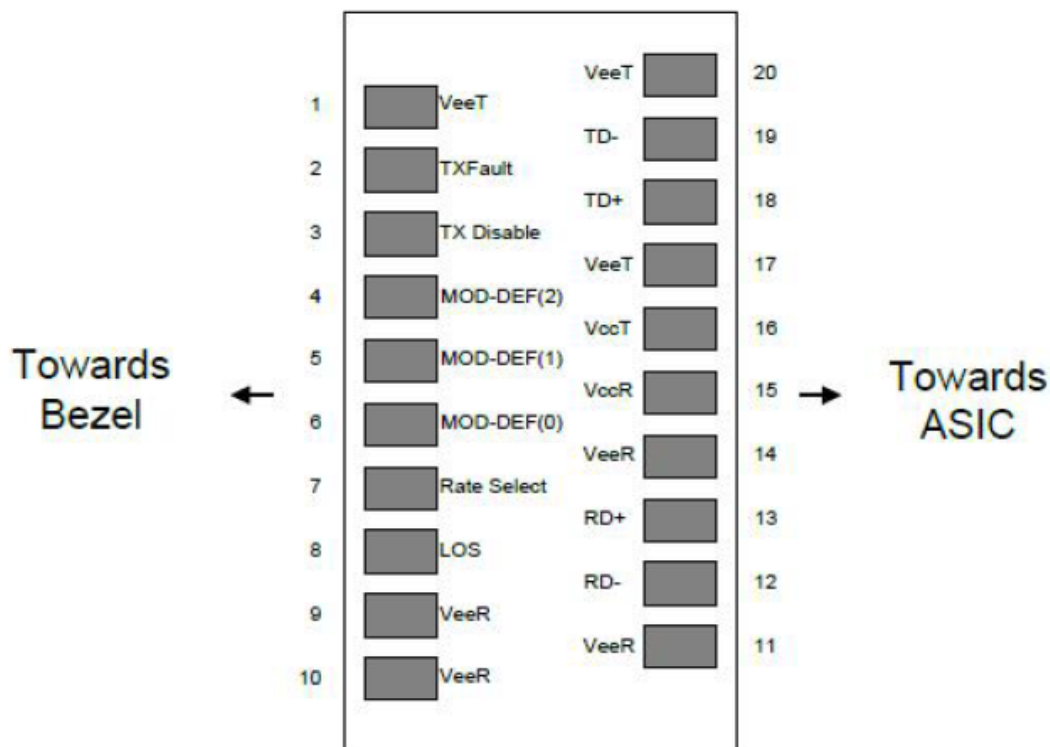
Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module disables on “high” or “open.”	3	2
4	MOD_DEF2	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
5	MOD_DEF1	Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
6	MOD_DEF0	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected. Function not available.	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Inverse Received Data Out.	3	6
13	RD+	Received Data Out.	3	7
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
15	VccR	3.3 ± 5% Receiver Power.	2	7
16	VccT	3.3 ± 5% Transmitter Power.	2	7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In.	3	8
19	TD-	Inverse Transmitter Data In.	3	8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

Notes:

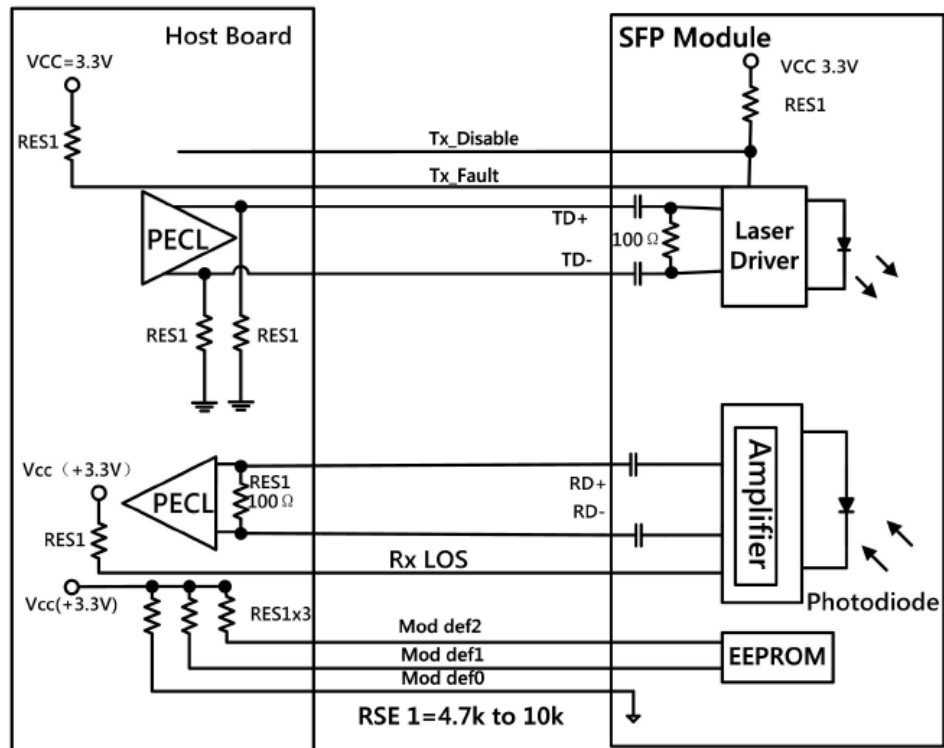
1. Tx_Fault is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. Pull-up voltage is between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
2. Tx_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor. Its states are:
 - Low (0V – 0.8V): Transmitter On.
 - (>0.8V and <2.0V): Undefined.
 - High (2.0V – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled. Open: Transmitter Disabled.
3. MOD_DEF0, 1, 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
 - MOD_DEF0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.
 - MOD_DEF1 is the clock line of 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.
 - MOD_DEF2 is the data line of 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7k Ω to 10k Ω resistor. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and $V_{ccT}/R+0.3V$. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
6. RD-/+. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC-coupled, 100 Ω differential lines that should be terminated with 100 Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV and 2000mV differential (200mV to 1000mV single-ended) when properly terminated.
7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V $\pm$ 5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 Ω should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot-plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an in-rush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
8. TD-/+. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential terminations inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400mV and 2000mV (200mV to 1000mV single-ended).

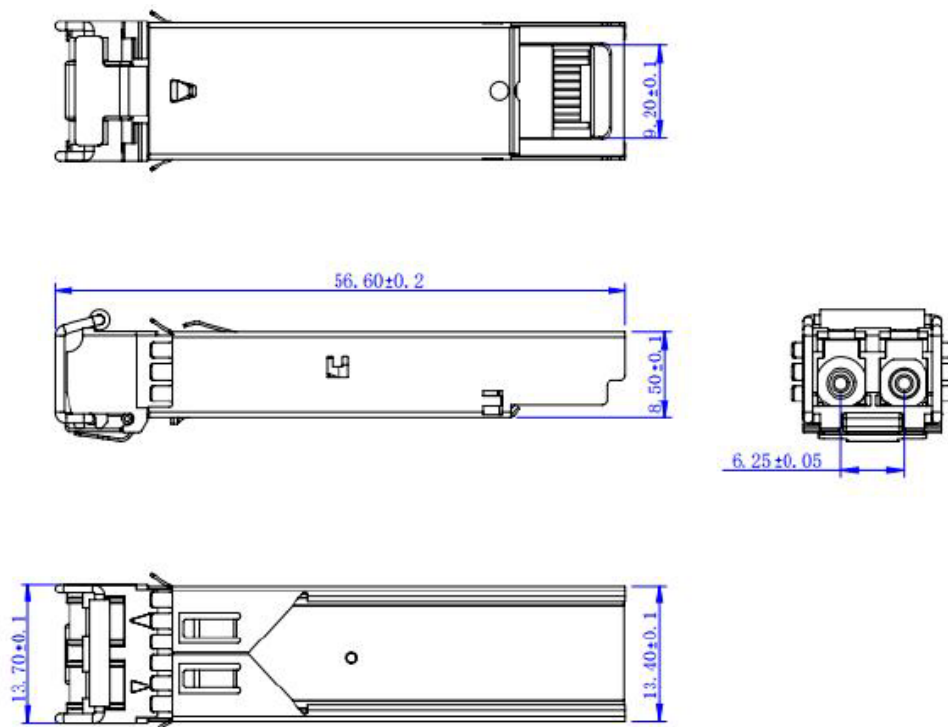
Pin Connectors



Recommended Circuit Schematic



Mechanical Specifications



About Skylane Optics

Skylane is a leading provider of transceivers for optical communication.

We offer an extensive portfolio for the enterprise, access, datacenter and metropolitan fiber optical market as well as for smart home applications and home networks.

We cover the European, South American and North American market with a strong partner network and have offices in Belgium, Brazil, Sweden and USA.

Our offerings are characterized by high quality and performance. In combination with our strong technical support, we enable our customers to build cost optimized network solutions.

We offer an extensive range of high-quality products including transceivers (Optical and copper), Active Optical Cable (AOC), Direct Attach Cable (DAC), Mux/Demux, Coding Box.

