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Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® 3FE25775AA-CW41 Compatible 1000Base-CWDM SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1410nm, 40km, LC, DOM)

Product Description

This Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® 3FE25775AA-CW41 compatible SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-CWDM throughput up to 40km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1410nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Skylane's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Features:

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- Gigabit Ethernet over CWDM
- Access, Metro and Enterprise
- 1x Fibre Channel

For your product safety, please read the following information carefully before any manipulation of the transceiver:



ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883G, Method 3015.4 / JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module.



LASER SAFETY

This is a Class1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:2007. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

The optical ports of the module need to be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug in order to avoid contamination.

Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5		4.0	V
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40		85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	T _c	0	25	70	°C
Operating Humidity	RH	5		95	%
Data Rate			1.25 1.0625		Gb/s

Electrical Characteristics (TOP=25°C, V_{cc}=3.3 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.135	3.30	3.465	V	
Power Supply Current	I _{cc}			300	mA	
Power Dissipation	P _D			1000	mW	
Transmitter						
Differential data input voltage (TD +/-)		300		2200	mV _{P-P}	1
Low speed output: Transmitter Fault (TX_FAULT) / Loss of Signal (LOS)	VOH	2.0		V _{cc}	V	3
	VOL	0		0.8	V	
Low speed input: Transmitter Disable (TX_DISABLE), MOD_DEF 1, MOD_DEF 2	VIH	2.0		V _{cc}	V	4
	VIL	0		0.8	V	
Receiver						
Differential data output voltage (RD +/-)		600		1200	mV _{P-P}	2

Notes

1. Internally AC coupled and terminated to 100Ω differential load.
2. Internally AC coupled, but requires a 100Ω differential termination or internal to Serializer/Deserializer.
3. Pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to VCCT,R.
4. Mod_Def1 and Mod_Def2 must be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to VCCT,R.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Launch Optical Power	P _o	-5		+5	dBm	
Center Wavelength Range	λ _c	λ-6.5	λ	λ+6.5	nm	1
Extinction Ratio	EX	9			dB	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Total Jitter	TJ			266	ps	
Dispersion Penalty				1	dB	
Optical Rise/ Fall Time	T _{rise} /T _{fall}			260	ps	
P _{out} @TX-Disable Asserted	P _{off}			-45	dBm	
Eye Diagram	IEEE Std 802.3-2005 Gigabit Ethernet 1000Base-LX compatible					
Receiver						
Receiver Sensitivity	S			-24	dBm	2
Receiver overload	P _{OL}	-3			dBm	
Optical Return Loss	ORL	12			dB	
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-25	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-35			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5	3	5	dB	

Notes:

1. The CWDM Transmitter Center Wavelengths " λ " are: 1270, 1290, 1310, 1330, 1350, 1370, 1390, 1410, 1430, 1450, 1470, 1490, 1510, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1590 and 1610nm. 1270 to 1450nm are named herein as O-band wavelength and 1470 to 1610nm as L-band wavelength generally.
2. Measured with PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern, 1.25Gb/s, EX=9dB, BER<10⁻¹².

Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Tx_disable assert time	T_off			10	us	
Tx_disable negate time	T_on			1	ms	
Time to initialize, include reset of TX_FAULT	T_init			300	ms	
TX_FAULT from fault to assertion	T_fault			100	us	
Tx_disable time to start reset	T_reset	10			us	
Receiver LOS Assert Time (on to off)	T_D,RX_LOS			80	us	
Receiver LOS Assert Time (off to on)	T_A,RX_LOS			80	us	
Serial I2C Clock Rate	I2C_Clock			100	kHz	

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Engagement order	Ref.
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable-Module disables on high or open	3	2
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2-Two wire serial ID interface	3	3
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1-Two wire serial ID interface	3	3
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0-Grounded in module	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
12	RD-	Inverse Received Data out	3	5
13	RD+	Received Data out	3	5
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
15	VccR	Receiver Power - +3.3V±5%	2	6
16	VccT	Transmitter Power - +3.3 V±5%	2	6
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In	3	7
19	TD-	Inverse Transmitter Data In	3	7
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

1. TX Fault is open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K Ω -10K Ω resistor on the host board to supply $< V_{ccT} + 0.3V$ or $V_{ccR} + 0.3V$. When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to $< 0.8V$.
2. TX Disable input is used to shut down the laser output per the state table below. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7K Ω -10K Ω resistor.

Low (0-0.8V):	Transmitter on
Between (0.8V and 2V):	Undefined
High (2.0- V_{ccT}):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled
3. Mod-Def 0, 1, 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K Ω -10K Ω resistor on the host board to supply less than $V_{ccT} + 0.3V$ or $V_{ccR} + 0.3V$.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

Mod-Def 1 is clock line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

Mod-Def 2 is data line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID.
4. LOS (Loss of signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K Ω -10K Ω resistor on the host board to supply $< V_{ccT} + 0.3V$ or $V_{ccR} + 0.3V$. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to $< 0.8V$.
5. RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100 Ω differential at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and thus not required on the host board.
6. V_{ccR} and V_{ccT} are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V \pm 5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. The in-rush current will typically be no more than 30mA above steady state supply current after 500ns.
7. TD -/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled differential lines with 100 Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on host board.



Pin-out of connector Block on Host board

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map



Required Host Board Components



Recommended Application Interface Circuit



Mechanical Specifications

Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the SFP Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA).



About Skylane Optics

Skylane is a leading provider of transceivers for optical communication.

We offer an extensive portfolio for the enterprise, access, datacenter and metropolitan fiber optical market as well as for smart home applications and home networks.

We cover the European, South American and North American market with a strong partner network and have offices in Belgium, Brazil, Sweden and USA.

Our offerings are characterized by high quality and performance. In combination with our strong technical support, we enable our customers to build cost optimized network solutions.

We offer an extensive range of high-quality products including transceivers (Optical and copper), Active Optical Cable (AOC), Direct Attach Cable (DAC), Mux/Demux, Coding Box.

