



## Q28-100GP4-BXU49-40-HW2-SKY

Huawei® Compatible 100GBase-BX ER1 QSFP28 Transceiver Single Lambda (SMF, 1304.58nmTx/1309.14nmRx, 40km, LC, DOM)

### Product Description

This Huawei® compatible QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-BX ER1 throughput up to 40km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1304.58nmTx/1309.14nmRx via an LC connector. This bidirectional unit must be used with another transceiver or network appliance of complementing wavelengths. It can operate at temperatures between 0 and 70C. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Huawei®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Skylane's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

### Features:

- Compliant with QSFP28 MSA
- Supports 100Gbps
- Compliant with SFF-8636 Rev 2.10a
- 4x25G Electrical Interface Compliant with OIF CEI-28G-VSR
- Bidi LC Connectors
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



### Applications:

- 100GBase Ethernet
- Datacenter

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*For your product safety, please read the following information carefully before any manipulation of the transceiver:*



#### ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883G, Method 3015.4 / JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module.



#### LASER SAFETY

This is a Class1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:2007. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

*The optical ports of the module need to be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug in order to avoid contamination.*

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                              | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage                 | Vcc    | -0.5 |      | 3.6  | V    |       |
| Storage Temperature                    | Tstg   | -40  |      | 85   | °C   |       |
| Maximum Operating Case Temperature     | Tc     | -5   |      | 75   | °C   |       |
| Recommended Operating Case Temperature | Tc     | 0    |      | 70   | °C   | 1     |
| Operating Relative Humidity            | RH     | 5    |      | 85   | %    |       |

### Notes:

1. The position of case temperature measurement is shown in the Mechanical Specifications section.
2. Exceeding the Absolute Maximum Ratings table may cause permanent damage to the device. This is just an emphasized rating and does not involve the functional operation of the device that exceeds the specifications of this technical specification under these or other conditions. Long-term operation under Absolute Maximum Ratings will affect the reliability of the device.

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                                                 | Symbol/<br>Test Point | Min.  | Typ.     | Max.  | Unit  | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage                                      | Vcc                   | 3.135 | 3.3      | 3.465 | V     |       |
| Power Supply Noise                                        |                       |       |          | 66    | mVp-p | 1     |
| Power Consumption                                         |                       |       |          | 4.5   | W     |       |
| Total Power Supply Current                                |                       |       |          | 1298  | mA    |       |
| Internal AC Coupling Capacitors                           |                       |       | 0.1      |       | μF    |       |
| Electrical Signal Rate                                    |                       |       | 25.78125 |       | Gbps  |       |
| High-Speed Electrical Input Characteristics (Transmitter) |                       |       |          |       |       |       |
| Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance                | TP1a                  | 900   |          |       | mVp-p |       |
| Differential Input Impedance                              | TP1                   | 90    | 100      | 110   | Ω     |       |
| Output Rise/Fall Time                                     | TP1a                  | 10    |          |       | ps    | 2     |
| Eye Width                                                 | TP1a                  | 0.46  |          |       | UI    | 3     |
| Eye Height Differential                                   | TP1a                  | 95    |          |       | mV    | 3     |
| DC Common-Mode Voltage (Vcm)                              | TP1                   | -350  |          | 2850  | mV    | 4     |
| High-Speed Electrical Output Characteristics (Receiver)   |                       |       |          |       |       |       |
| Receiver Differential Data Output Load                    |                       |       | 100      |       | Ω     |       |
| Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage                         | TP4                   |       |          | 900   | mVp-p |       |
| Differential Output Impedance                             | TP4                   | 90    | 100      | 110   | Ω     |       |
| Output Rise/Fall Time                                     | TP4                   | 12    |          |       | ps    | 2     |
| Eye Width                                                 | TP4                   | 0.57  |          |       | UI    | 3     |

|                              |     |      |  |      |    |   |
|------------------------------|-----|------|--|------|----|---|
| Eye Height Differential      | TP4 | 228  |  |      | mV | 3 |
| DC Common-Mode Voltage (Vcm) | TP4 | -350 |  | 2850 | mV | 4 |

**Notes:**

1. Power supply noise is defined as the peak-to-peak noise amplitude over the frequency range at the host supply side of the recommended power supply filter with the module and recommended filter in place. Voltage levels including peak-to-peak noise are limited to the recommended operating range of the associated power supply.
2. 20-80%.
3.  $1\text{E}^{-15}$ .
4. Vcm is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                                |                       | Symbol | Min.      | Typ.    | Max.      | Unit  | Notes |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------|-------|
| Optical Signal Rate                      |                       |        |           | 53.125  |           | Gbaud |       |
| Fiber Length (9μm SMF)                   |                       |        |           |         | 40        | km    | 1     |
| Transmitter @TP2 Test Point              |                       |        |           |         |           |       |       |
| Signaling Speed                          |                       |        |           | 53.125  |           | Gbaud |       |
| Modulation Format                        |                       |        | PAM4      |         |           |       |       |
| Center Wavelength                        |                       | λC     | 1304.06   | 1304.58 | 1305.1    | nm    |       |
| Side-Mode Suppression Ratio              |                       | SMSR   | 30        |         |           | dB    |       |
| Extinction Ratio                         |                       | ER     | 5         |         |           | dB    |       |
| Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude       | For TDECQ<1.4dB       | TxOMA  | 4.7       |         | 7.9       | dBm   |       |
|                                          | For 1.4dB≤TDECQ≤3.9dB | TxOMA  | 3.3+TDECQ |         |           | dBm   |       |
| Transmit Average                         |                       | TxAVG  | 1.7       |         | 7.1       | dBm   | 2     |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure   |                       | TDECQ  |           |         | 3.9       | dB    |       |
| Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane |                       |        |           |         | -15       | dBm   |       |
| Relative Intensity Noise                 |                       | RIN    |           |         | -136      | dB/Hz |       |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance            |                       |        |           |         | 15        | dB    | 3     |
| Receiver @TP3 Test Point                 |                       |        |           |         |           |       |       |
| Signaling Speed                          |                       |        |           | 53.125  |           | Gbaud |       |
| Center Wavelength                        |                       | λC     | 1308.61   | 1309.14 | 1309.66   | nm    |       |
| Damage Threshold                         |                       | Rxdmg  | -2.4      |         |           | dBm   |       |
| Receive Power (OMAOuter)                 |                       | RxOMA  |           |         | -2.6      | dBm   |       |
| Average Receive Power                    |                       | RxAVG  | -16       |         | -3.4      | dBm   |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMAOuter)          | For TECQ<1.4dB        | SenOMA |           |         | -13.8     | dBm   | 4     |
|                                          | For 1.4dB≤TECQ≤3.9dB  | SenOMA |           |         | TECQ-15.2 | dBm   | 4     |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity            |                       | SRS    |           |         | -11.3     | dBm   |       |
| Receiver Reflectance                     |                       |        |           |         | -26       | dB    |       |
| LOS Assert                               |                       | LOSA   | -26       |         |           | dBm   |       |
| LOS De-Assert                            |                       | LOSD   |           |         | -17       | dBm   |       |

### Notes:

1. 9μm SMF. The maximum link distance is based on an allocation of 1dB of attenuation and 3dB total connection and splice loss. The loss of a single connection shall not exceed 0.5dB.
2. Average launch power (minimum) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
3. Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.
4. Sensitivity is specified at  $2.4 \times 10^{-4}$  BER with PRBS31Q.

## Pin Descriptions

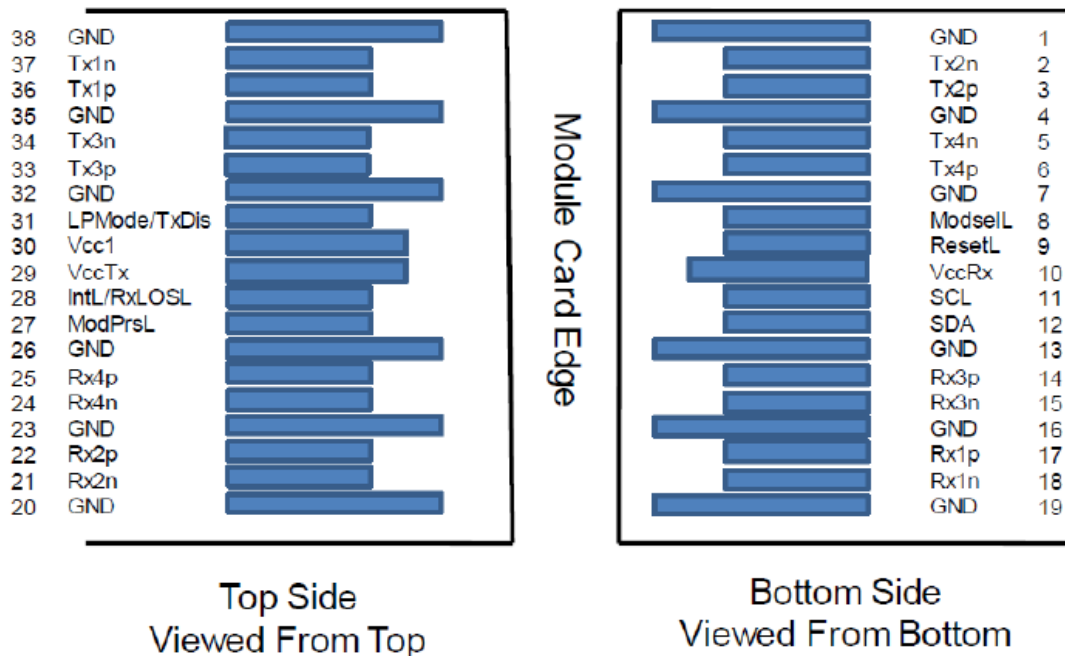
| Pin | Logic       | Symbol       | Name/Description                                                                          | Plug Sequence | Notes |
|-----|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------|
| 1   |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 2   | CML-I       | Tx2-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.                                                          | 3             |       |
| 3   | CML-I       | Tx2+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.                                                      | 3             |       |
| 4   |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 5   | CML-I       | Tx4-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.                                                          | 3             |       |
| 6   | CML-I       | Tx4+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.                                                      | 3             |       |
| 7   |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 8   | LVTTL-I     | ModSelL      | Module Select.                                                                            | 3             |       |
| 9   | LVTTL-I     | ResetL       | Module Reset.                                                                             | 3             |       |
| 10  |             | VccRx        | +3.3V Receiver Power Supply.                                                              | 2             | 2     |
| 11  | LVC MOS-I/O | SCL          | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.                                                            | 3             |       |
| 12  | LVC MOS-I/O | SDA          | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data.                                                             | 3             |       |
| 13  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 14  | CML-O       | Rx3+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.                                                        | 3             |       |
| 15  | CML-O       | Rx3-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.                                                            | 3             |       |
| 16  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 17  | CML-O       | Rx1+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.                                                        | 3             |       |
| 18  | CML-O       | Rx1-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.                                                            | 3             |       |
| 19  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 20  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 21  | CML-O       | Rx2-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.                                                            | 3             |       |
| 22  | CML-O       | Rx2+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.                                                        | 3             |       |
| 23  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 24  | CML-O       | Rx4-         | Receiver Inverted Data Output.                                                            | 3             |       |
| 25  | CML-O       | Rx4+         | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.                                                        | 3             |       |
| 26  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 27  | LVTTL-O     | ModPrsL      | Module Present.                                                                           | 3             |       |
| 28  | LVTTL-O     | IntL/RxLOSL  | Interrupt. Optionally configurable as RxLOSL via the management interface (SFF-8636).     | 3             |       |
| 29  |             | VccTx        | +3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.                                                           | 2             | 2     |
| 30  |             | Vcc1         | +3.3V Power Supply.                                                                       | 2             | 2     |
| 31  | LVTTL-I     | LPMode/TxDis | Low-Power Mode. Optionally configurable as TxDis via the management interface (SFF-8636). | 3             |       |
| 32  |             | GND          | Module Ground.                                                                            | 1             | 1     |
| 33  | CML-I       | Tx3+         | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.                                                      | 3             |       |
| 34  | CML-I       | Tx3-         | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.                                                          | 3             |       |

|    |       |      |                                      |   |   |
|----|-------|------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 35 |       | GND  | Module Ground.                       | 1 | 1 |
| 36 | CML-I | Tx1+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | 3 |   |
| 37 | CML-I | Tx1- | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.     | 3 |   |
| 38 |       | GND  | Module Ground.                       | 1 | 1 |

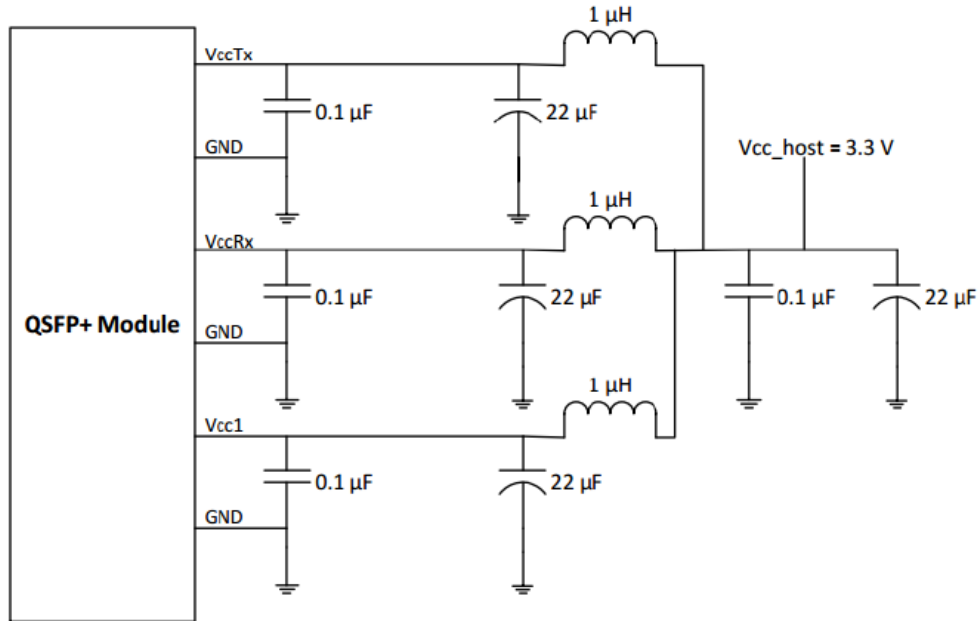
#### Notes:

1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect them directly to the host board signal-common ground plane.
2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are the receiving and transmission power suppliers and are applied concurrently. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are internally connected within the module in any combination. Vcc contacts in SFF-8662 and SFF-8672 each have a steady state current rating of 1A.

#### QSFP28 Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



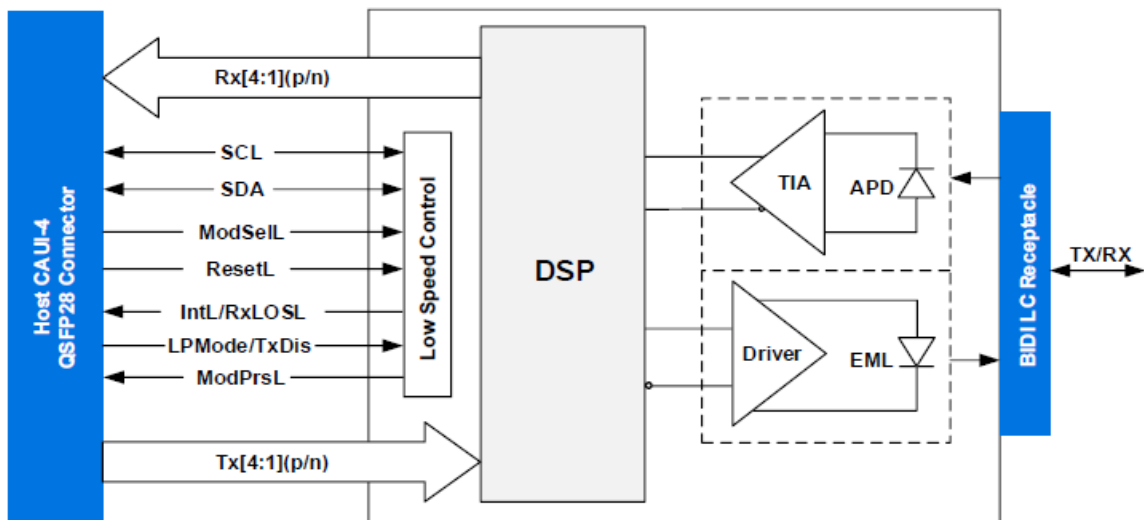
## Host Board Power Supply Filter



### Notes:

1. During power transient events, the host should ensure that any neighboring modules sharing the same supply stay within their specified supply voltage limits. The host should also ensure that the intrinsic noise of the power rail is filtered in order to guarantee the correct operation of the optical modules.

## Transceiver Block Diagram

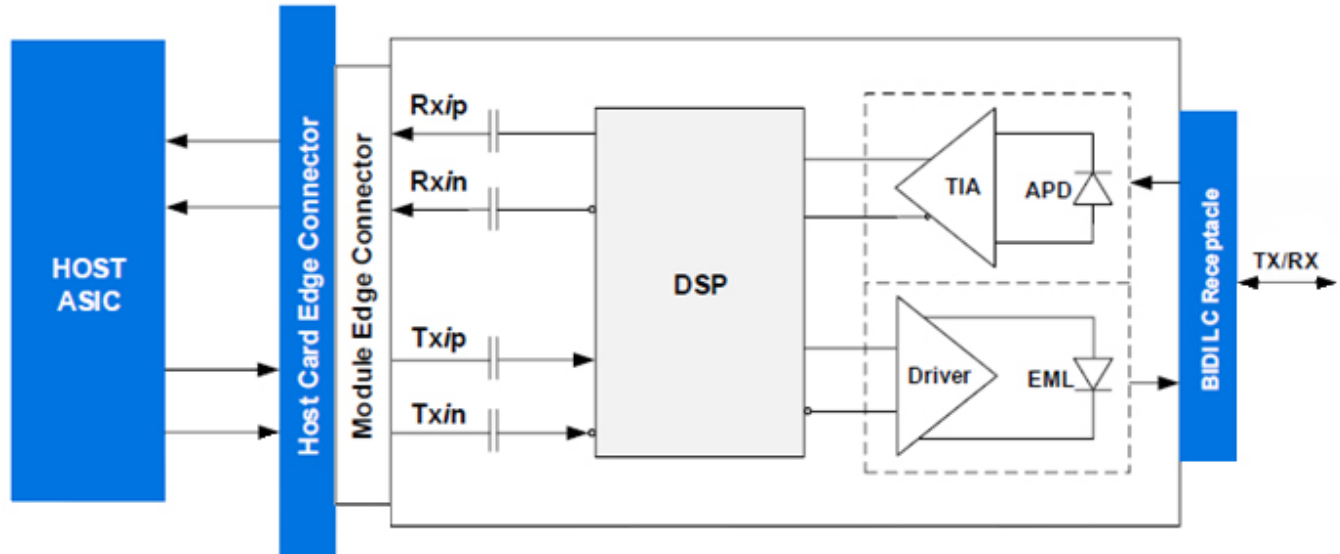


### Notes:

1. The transmitter path of the transceiver contains a 4x25Gbps CAUI-4 electrical input, integrated electrical multiplexer, EML driver, EML laser, and diagnostic monitor. The integrated electrical multiplexer converts 4 channels of 25Gbps (NRZ) electrical input data to 1 channel of 100Gbps (PAM4) optical signal.

- The receiver path of the transceiver contains an APD, trans-impedance amplifier (TIA), integrated de-multiplexer, and 4x25Gbps CAUI-4 compliant electrical output block. The integrated de-multiplexer converts 1 channel of 100Gbps (PAM4) optical signal to 4 channels of 25Gbps (NRZ) electrical output data.

#### Application Reference Diagram

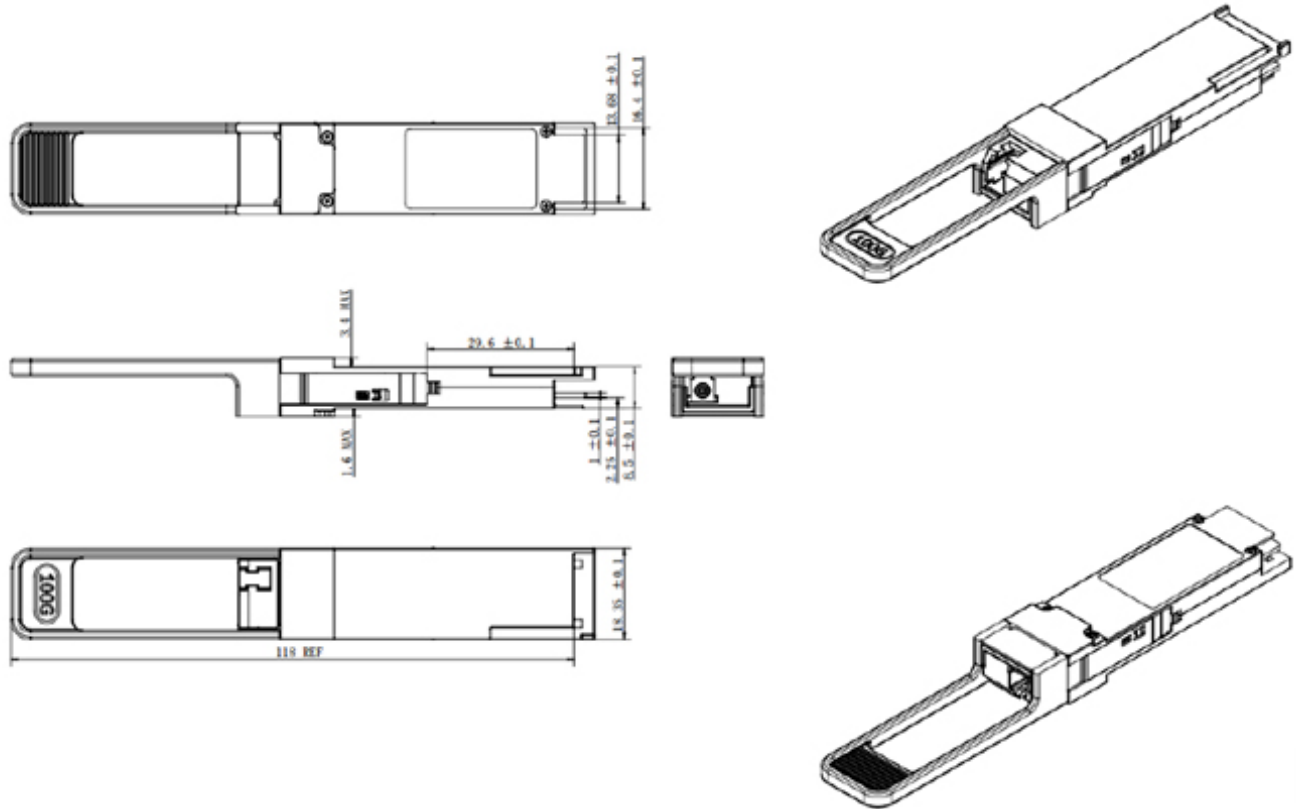


#### Notes:

- Only one channel "i" (i = 1, 2, 3, 4) shown for simplicity.
- The interface between the QSFP28 module and the ASIC/SerDes is shown above. The high-speed signal lines are internally AC coupled, and the electrical inputs are internally terminated to 100Ω differential. All transmitter and receiver electrical channels are compliant to CAUI-4 specification per IEEE 802.3cd.
- The module has the following low-speed signals for control and status: ModSelL, ResetL, LPMode/TxDis, ModPrsL, and IntL/RxLOSL. In addition, there is an industry-standard 2-wire serial interface scaled for 3.3V LVTTTL. The definition of control signal interface and the registers of the serial interface memory are further defined in this document.
- Exposure to current surges and overvoltage events can cause immediate damage to the transceiver module. Observe the precautions for normal operation of electrostatic discharge-sensitive equipment. Attention should also be taken to restrict exposure to the conditions defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings. Optical connectors will be exposed if the port plug is not inserted, so always pay attention to protection. Each module is equipped with a port guard plug to protect the optical ports. The protective plug shall always be in place whenever the optical fiber is not inserted. Before inserting the optical fiber, it is recommended to clean the end of the optical fiber connector to avoid contamination of the module optical port due to a dirty connector. If contamination occurs, use standard LC port cleaning methods.



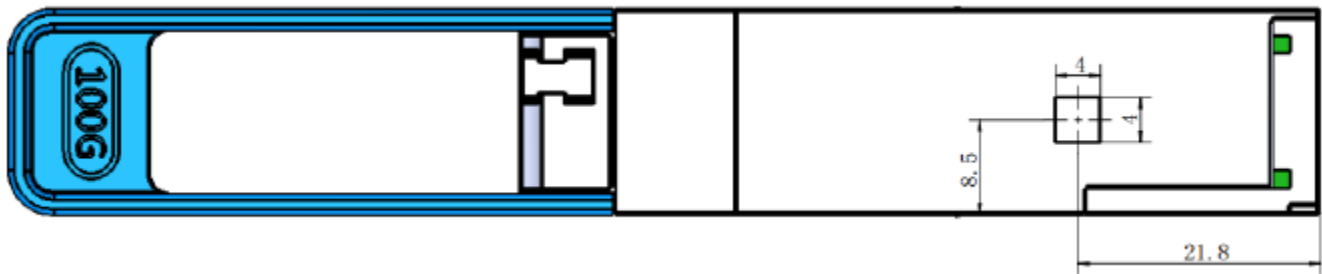
## Mechanical Specifications



### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in mm.
2. Unmarked tolerance complies with GB/T1804-M.

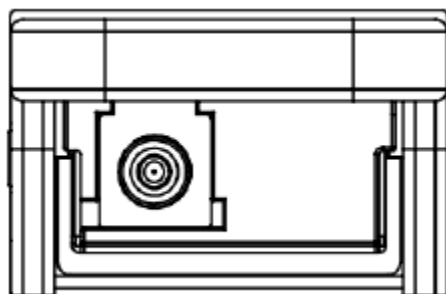
## Case Temperature Measurement Point



### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in mm.
2. The above picture shows the location of the hottest spot for measuring module case temperature. In addition, the Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM) temperature is also calibrated to this spot.

### Module Optical Interface (Looking into the Optical Port)



# About Skylane Optics

Skylane is a leading provider of transceivers for optical communication.

We offer an extensive portfolio for the enterprise, access, datacenter and metropolitan fiber optical market as well as for smart home applications and home networks.

We cover the European, South American and North American market with a strong partner network and have offices in Belgium, Brazil, Sweden and USA.

Our offerings are characterized by high quality and performance. In combination with our strong technical support, we enable our customers to build cost optimized network solutions.

We offer an extensive range of high-quality products including transceivers (Optical and copper), Active Optical Cable (AOC), Direct Attach Cable (DAC), Mux/Demux, Coding Box.

